

Membranes and blotting papers for nucleic acids

Nytran Super Charge (SPC) Nylon Transfer Membrane

- Very high positive charge, low background noise
- Higher nylon density than with other membranes increases sample fixation capacity
- Excellent symmetry: always remains flat
- Nytran Super Charge membrane binds nine times more molecules than a conventional nylon membrane
- Consistent membrane morphology: good uniformity of nylon distribution and therefore of loads

Cat.No.	Nytran SuperCharge	Dim. (mm)	Type	Units/ carton	€ Excl. VAT/ carton
034779	0,45 µm	110 X 140	Sheets	10	NC -
034798	0,45 µm	200 X 3 m	Rolls	1	NC -
034799	0,45 µm	300 X 3 m	Rolls	1	NC -

cytiva

Amersham™ HYBOND blotting membranes



Cat. No.	Dimensions	Pore size	Membrane material	€ Excl. VAT the roll
Hybond-N in neutral nylon				
RPN303N	30 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Nylon	NC -
RPN203N	20 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Nylon	NC -
Hybond-N + in positively charged nylon, versatile				
RPN303B	30 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Positively charged nylon	NC -
RPN203B	20 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Positively charged nylon	NC -
Hybond-NX in neutral nylon, for more demanding applications				
RPN303T	30 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Nylon	NC -
RPN203T	20 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Nylon	NC -
Hybond-XL in nylon optimised for radio-labelled probes				
RPN303S	30 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Positively charged nylon	NC -
RPN203S	20 cm x 3 m	0,45 µm	Positively charged nylon	NC -

Other sizes available: please contact us.

➤ Hybond-N

- Resistant
- For nucleic acid blotting
- Fixing capacity 600 µg/cm²
- For radioactive applications
- UV light fixing

➤ Hybond-N+

- For nucleic acid blotting
- Fixing capacity 600 µg/cm²
- For detection by radioactivity, chemiluminescence, chemifluorescence

➤ Hybond-NX

- For nucleic acid blotting
- Fixing capacity 600 µg/cm²
- Developed specifically for use with low volumes of hybridization buffer and high flow applications
- Generates little background noise

➤ Hybond-XL

- For nucleic acid blotting
- Fixing capacity 600 µg/cm²
- Effective fixation of small fragments
- Loaded nylon for optimised signal-to-noise ratio when working with radioactively labelled samples

